

STATISTICAL PHYSICS AND THERMODYNAMICS - I

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 40

Note : Attempt two questions each from Section A and B carrying 8 marks each. Section C is compulsory consisting of 8 short answer type questions carrying 1 mark each.

Section - A

1. Prove that for a dynamic system the fraction of the total time that the system spends in any particular macrostate is proportional to thermodynamic probability for the macrostate. 8
2. (a) Define the terms Microstates, Macrostates, Accessible and Inaccessible states. 4
(b) Calculate the percentage error made in using Stirling formula ($n = 5$). 4
3. 100 molecules of a gas is enclosed in a cubical volume. Calculate ratio of time spent by system in the most probable macrostate and (49, 51) state. 8
4. (a) Explain the necessity of introducing the concept of a cell. 4
(b) Determine $P(10,0)$, $P(3, 7)$ for a system of 10 particles in two compartments of equal size. 4

Section - B

5. Calculate the average and root mean square speed of molecules obeying M-B statistics. 8
6. Calculate the root-mean-square and most probable speed of a gas whose density is 1.4 gm/litre at a pressure of 10^5 N/m². 8
7. Prove that Wein's displacement law and Stefan's law can be obtained from Planck's law. 8
8. Apply F-D statistics of discuss free electrons inside metals. 8

Section - C

(Compulsory Question)

9. Give answer in short :
 - (a) What is difference between electron gas and ordinary gas ?
 - (b) State the number of constraints obeyed by a photon gas.
 - (c) What is fermi velocity of free electrons in metals ?
 - (d) What are permissible values of fractional deviation ?
 - (e) Define mutual exclusive events.
 - (f) What are meaningful and meaningless arrangements ?
 - (g) What are different approaches for describing a given system?
 - (h) Define random experiment and event.

8×1=8