ENGLISH LITERATURE (ELECTIVE) MODULE - II (Elementary Linguistics, Morphology and Syntax of English-B)

Time Allo	owed: 3Hrs. Maximum Marks: 1	
Section E	: Attempt ONE question each from Section A, B, C and D carrying 15 marks each consisting of 20 short answer type questions carrying 2 marks each is compulsory. (SECTION-A)	ch.
1.	Write a detailed note on the statement that Linguistics is descriptive and not prescripti	ive. (15)
2.	Define Synchrony and Diachrony. How does Synchronic approach have a priority of Diachronic approach? (SECTION-B)	ver (15)
3.	Explain in detail: Parts of speech, Form classes and Grammatical categories OR	(15)
4.	Write a detaild note on the Constituent Structure of Language.	(15)
5.	Define Morpheme. What are free and bound morphemes? Discuss giving examples.	
6.	These verbs are back-formations. Write the words from which they are back-formed (i) housekeep (ii) typewrite (iii) administrate (iv) resurrect (v) laze (vi) sidle (vii) escalate (viii) reminisce (ix) snap-judge (x) emote (xi) reluct (xii) party-poop (xiii) back-sent-drive (xiv) hang-glide (xv) baby-sit (SECTION-D)	
7.	Define and explain giving examples: (a) Noun phrase (b) Verb phrase (c) Subject-Verb relationship OR	(15)
8.	This is a review of the four positional parts of speech. In the blanks identify each under the N-al (nominal), V-al (verbal), Aj-al (adjectival), or Av-al (adverbial).	ined

		Last Monday was a holiday. The Monday washing is on the line. Mrs. Reed always jogs Mondays. Won't you come in? The outs were angry with the ins. They stamped upstairs. They slept in the upstairs room. One can see the airport from upstairs. Jake was wrestling with his math. Juniper found wrestling exciting. They came in wrestling.	
	(xiii) (xiv)	The wrestling roommates were exhausted. The mechanic ran the engine full speed. He raised the hood because the engine was hot. They found the cabin just what they wanted.	
		(SECTION-E) (Compulsory Question)	(1×15=15)
9.	7.5	short answers of the following questions: Differentiate between Theoretical and Applied Linguistics. Define Sentence. What are Allomorphs? Define Acronymy. Underline the bound morphemes: biomass, selective. The word 'scuba' is made by the precess of Combine base to suffix to make a word: (a) -ly, -ion, -ate, affect (b) -ly, -some, grue What is Homophone? Define Transitive verb. Differentiate between Micro-linguistics and Macro-linguistics. Underline the bound morphemes: intervene, idolize	
	(xii) (xiii) (xiv)	What is Reduplication? Give the originals of these blends: smog, telecast Underline the head in these verb phrases:	*,
	(xv) (xvi) (xvii) (xviii)	(a) Without hesitation shouted for help. (b) Would have driven to the fair. What is Presodic contour? What is the grammatical meaning of DO (Direct object)? Write the Sentence pattern No. 7 and 9. Exemplify the phenomenon of 'hyper correction'. Is language discrete? Make a list of words into a noun phrase: (a) European, any, opera, great	(0,-20,-40)
		(b) Soft, a, on the had, fat	(2×20=40)