

## DISCRETE MATHEMATICS-I

**Time : Three Hours]**

**Note :-** Attempt *one* question each from Sections A, B, C and D carrying 20 marks each. Section E consisting of 10 short answer type questions carrying 2 marks each is compulsory.

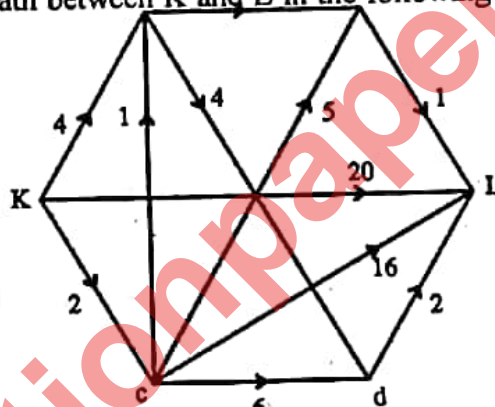
[Maximum Marks : 100

### Section-A

- I. (i) In a survey of 60 people, it was found that 25 read Newsweek magazine, 26 read Fortune, 9 read both Newsweek and Fortune, 11 read both Times and Newsweek, 8 read both Times and Fortune, 3 read all the three magazines. Find the number of people who read at least one of the three magazines and who read exactly one magazine.
- (ii) The distinct equivalence classes of an equivalence relation on a set form a partition of that set.
- II. (i) Find the number of different 8-letter arrangements that can be made from the letters of the word DAUGHTER so that all the vowels never occur together.
- (ii) Consider a lattice L. Prove that the relation  $a \leq b$  defined by either  $a \wedge b = a$  or  $a \vee b = b$  is a partial ordering on lattice L. (10+10)

### Section-B

- III. (i) State and Prove Euler's Formula for planar graph.
- (ii) Prove that an undirected graph G possesses an Eulerian circuit if and only if G is connected and degree of each vertex of G is even. (10+10)
- IV. (i) Find the shortest path between K and L in the following graph by Dijkstra's Algorithm :



- (ii) A salesman must travel from city to city to sell his product. The following table shows the distance (in km) between various cities :

	To City				
From City	A	B	C	D	E
A	0	40	24	30	200
B	40	0	25	300	30
C	24	25	0	26	26
D	30	300	26	0	40
E	200	30	26	40	0

Use Assignment method to find the route of tour which will cover minimum total distance. (10+10)

### Section-C

- V. (i) Find the particular solution of the difference equation  
 $a_r - 4a_{r-1} + 4a_{r-2} = (r+1) \cdot 2^r$

- (ii) Solve  $S_n - 4S_{n-1} + 3S_{n-2} = n^2$  (10+10)
- VI. (i) Find the generating function from the recurrence relation given by  $S_n - 6S_{n-1} + 5S_{n-2} = 0$  Where  $S_0 = 1$  and  $S_1 = 1$
- (ii) Define the Fibonacci sequence and find its generating function. (10+10)
- Section-D**
- VII. (i) Consider an algebraic system  $(Q, *)$ , where  $Q$  is the set of rational numbers and  $*$  is a binary operation defined by  $a * b = a + b - ab$ , for all  $a, b$  in  $Q$ . Determine whether  $(Q, *)$  is a group.
- (ii) State and prove De Morgan's Laws for Boolean algebra. (10+10)
- VIII. (i) Consider the lattice  $D_{60} = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10, 12, 15, 20, 30, 60\}$ .
- (a) Draw the Hasse Diagram of  $D_{60}$ .
- (b) Find all join-irreducible elements.
- (c) Find all atoms.
- (d) Find complements of 2 and 10, if they exist.
- (e) Express each  $x$  as a join of irredundant join-irreducible elements. (10+10)
- (ii) Find the circuit diagram of  $f(x, y, z) = xy' + x'z$ .
- Section-E**
- IX. Do as directed :
- (a) Prove that  $A' (B \dot{\vee} C) = (A' B) \dot{\vee} (A' C)$
- (b) Define Partial ordered relation.
- (c) Prove that the graph  $K_5$  is not a planar graph.
- (d) How many edges must a planar graph have if it defines 5 regions and has 6 vertices ?
- (e) Discuss Königsberg's graph.
- (f) If  $S(n) = n$ ,  $n \geq 0$ , then obtain its generating function.
- (g) Prove that  $n(n+1)(n+2)$  is a multiple of 6, using mathematical induction.
- (h) Define Complemented lattices.
- (i) Prove that the complement of every element on a Boolean algebra  $B$  is unique. (2×10=20)
- (j) Show that the identity element in a group is unique.