

1058
Bachelor of Computer Applications
2nd Semester
BCA-203: Mathematics in Computer Science-II

Time allowed: 3 Hours

(Old: 2015-16)

Max. Marks: 90

NOTE: Attempt five questions in all, including Question No. IX (Unit-V) which is compulsory and selecting one question each from Unit I-IV.

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UNIT - I

- I. (a) Show that $f(x) = |x|$ is not differentiable at $x = 0$.
 (b) Differentiate $e^{\sqrt{x}}$ w.r.t. x from first principles.
 (c) If $y = x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1}$, then prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}$. (6+6+6)
- II. (a) If $\sec\left(\frac{x+y}{x-y}\right) = 1$, prove that $\frac{xdy}{dx} = y$
 (b) If $x\sqrt{1+y} + y\sqrt{1-y} = 0$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{(x+1)^2} = 0$
 (c) Verify Lagrange's mean value theorem for the function $f(x) = (x-3)(x-6)(x-9)$ on the interval $[3,5]$. (6+6+6)

UNIT - II

- III. Evaluate:
 (a) $\int \frac{5x^4 + 12x^3 + 7x^2 dx}{x^2 + x}$
 (b) $\int \frac{\cos 4x - \cos 2x}{\sin 4x - \sin 2x} dx$
 (c) $\int \frac{(x^4 - x)^{1/4}}{x^5} dx$ (6+6+6)
- IV. (a) If $f'(x) = x + b$, $f(1) = 5$, $f(2) = 13$, find $f(x)$.
 (b) Evaluate:
 (i) $\int \frac{x + \sqrt{x+1}}{x+2} dx$
 (ii) $\int x^3 \sin(x^4) dx$. (6+9+3)

UNIT - III

- V. Evaluate:
 (a) $\int (e^{\log x} + \sin x) \cos x dx$
 (b) $\int e^{-x} \cos x dx$
 (c) $\int_1^2 \left(\frac{x-1}{x^2} \right) e^x dx$ (6+6+6)

- VI. (a) Using properties of definite integrals, evaluate $\int_1^2 \left(\frac{f(x)}{f(x) + f(3-x)} \right) dx$
 (b) Find the area bounded by the curve $y^2 = 4x$ and the lines $y=2$ and $x=0$. (6+12)

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UNIT - IV

- VII. (a) Find the value of λ , a non zero scalar, if

$$\lambda \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ -1 & -3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 4 & 10 \\ 4 & 2 & 14 \end{bmatrix}$$
- (b) If $AB=A$ and $BA=B$, then show that $A^2=A$, $B^2=B$.
(c) Evaluate

$$\begin{vmatrix} x+y & y+z & z+x \\ z & x & y \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

(6+6+6)

- VIII. (a) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 5 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$, show that $19^{-1}A = A$.
- (b) Solve the following system of equations by matrix method:
 $x+3y+4z=8$;
 $2x+y+2z=5$;
 $5x+y+z=7$

(6+12)

UNIT-V

- IX. (a) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} k & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 5 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$, find the values of k for which $A^2=B$.
- (b) Evaluate

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1+x & 1-x & 1-x \\ 1-x & 1+x & 1-x \\ 1-x & 1-x & 1+x \end{vmatrix}$$
- (c) If $f(x) = x^3 + 7x^2 + 8x - 9$, find $f'(4)$
- (d) If $x^{\frac{2}{3}} + y^{\frac{2}{3}} = 1$, show that $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$
- (e) How fast is the area of a circle changing with respect to the radius of the circle, when the radius is 3 cm?
- (f) Evaluate $\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx$
- (g) Show that $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{2x-3} = -\frac{1}{2} \log_e 3$
- (h) Evaluate $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\sqrt{\cos x}}{\sqrt{\cos x} + \sqrt{\sin x}} dx$
- (i) Find the area bounded by the curves $y=\sin x$ between the ordinates $x=0, x=\pi$ and the x-axis. (9×2)

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