

Maximum Marks : 30

## MATHEMATICS

### Paper – II : Differential Equations – I

Time Allowed : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 30

Note: Attempt five questions in all, selecting at least two from each Unit. Each question carries 6 marks.

#### UNIT – I

1. (a) Define exact differential equation and solve  $(\cos x \sinh y + 1) dx + \sin x \cosh y dy = 0$  by proving it is exact. 1+2
- (b) Solve :  $x^2y dx - (x^3 + y^3) dy = 0$ . 3

2. (a) Solve :  $y - 2px = \tan^{-1}(xp^2)$   
 (b) Solve :  $(px - y)(py + x) = h^2p$  3,3
3. (a) Find singular solution of :  $3y = 2px - \frac{2p^2}{x}$   
 (b) Find orthogonal trajectories of  $y^2 = 4ax$ . 3,3
4. (a) Solve :  $(D^2 + 4)y + \cos 2x + e^x$   
 (b) Solve :  $(D^2 - 4D + 4)y = \sinh 2x$  3,3

### UNIT-II

5. (a) Solve the differential equation :  
 $(x^3D^3 + 6x^2D^2 + 4xD - 4)y = (\log x)^2$   
 (b) Solve :  $\{(2x - 1)^3D^3 + (2x - 1)D - 2\}y = 0$  3,3
6. (a) Use method of reduction of order to solve :  $(D^2 + a^2)y = \sec ax$ . 3  
 (b) Solve the method of variation of parameters :  $(D^2 + 4)y = \sin 2x$ . 3
7. (a) Verify that  $y = e^x$  is solution of  $(x - 1)y'' - xy' + y = 0$  and use this fact to find general solution of  $(x - 1)y'' - xy' + y = 1$ .  
 (b) Solve :  $[(x^3 - 4x)D^3 + (9x^2 - 12)D^2 + 18xD + 6]y = 0$  3,3
8. (a) Solve :  $\frac{dx}{dt} = ax + by$  and  $\frac{dy}{dt} = bx + ay$   
 (b) Use operator method to find general solution of the linear system :

$$2\frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{dy}{dt} + x + y = t^2 + 4t$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{dy}{dt} + 2x + 2y = 2t^2 - 2t$$

3,3